The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLIII. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1881—TEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BUSINESS MEN

Who desire their share of the trade of families who hail from GERMANY and who number, with their children,

Over 200,000

In Chicago, should bear the fact in mind that the

FREIE PRESSE

Has the largest daily and Sunday circulation, and is the German Family Paper of the city.

We challenge for $1,000, for the benefit of charitable institutions, any German paper of Chicago to dare to dispute our statement.

Business men before closing their advertising contracts for 1882 should obtain figures from the "Freie Presse." It will pay them to advertise in this paper, because its circulation is large and its advertising rates are low.

Address

FREIE PRESSE,

91 Fifth-av.

WHITE STAR LINE

Great Reduction in Cabin Rates

ONLY $60, $80, $100

By all the Steamers of this First-class Line.

42 SOUTH CLARK-ST.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.

Cunard Line.

ANCHOR LINE.

GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY.

DOMINION LINE.

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Alaska, Arizona, Oregon, Etc.

STATE LINE.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT

Morgan Park

TEETH

WRITERS

Story & Camp,

483 and 490 State-st.

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Story & Camp,

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483 and 490 State-st.

FIRE, SMOKE, AND WATER

HAVE CAUSED IT.

OUR STOCK OF

FANCY DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY, &c.,

Damaged by the recent fire,

NOW ON SALE

AT

160 & 162 Market-st.,

NEW FARWELL BLOCK.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE.

GUS METZLER,

160 & 162 Market-st.

20 Per Cent

Discount on all HEAVY OVERCOATS ordered of us from Dec. 24 to Dec. 31st next. Also 10 per cent on all other garments ordered during the same period.

ELY & CO.,

TAILORS.

SHIRTS

"Ready Made" and "Made to Order"

WILSON BROS.,

113 and 115 State-st.,

Popular Winter Excursion.

WINTER MONTHS

IN A DARKENED CLOSE.

Plymouth Congregational Church,

MICHIGAN-AV.

Between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth-sts.

Annual Free Recital this Thursday Evening, Dec. 22, at 8 o'clock.

The First National Bank of Chicago.

WANTED.

WASHINGTON.

The Protective Policy of the House Republicans Supporting Tariff Revision.

Mr. Hurlbut Received as an Appreciative Program Which Shall Connect the Party.

Kasson, Cox and Springer Still Sorry About Their Committee Assignments—Penal Promotions.

TARIFF LEGISLATION.

HUNTINGTON'S LETTERS.

Text of His Correspondence with Gideon Given to the World.

Relations with Jay Gould, Who Was a Very Bad Man—Breaking Down the Rail.

The Corruption of Congress and Legislatures Fully Set Forth—The Texas Pacific.

Cunard Line.

ANCHOR LINE.

GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY.

DOMINION LINE.

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Alaska, Arizona, Oregon, Etc.

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TEETH

WRITERS

POLITICS.

A Jugate Convention at Cleveland to Discuss the Voyage of the Ship.

Senator Sabin Decisively Active in the Election and Declines to Discuss Presidential Candidates.

SPECIAL DISPATCH.

MATTHEW ARNOLD.

A Good Word for Western Troops generally in reference to Fort Illinois.

WAR ON LOTTERIES.

THE WEATHER.

ACQUITTED.

NEW YORK.

The Standard Insurance Company of London Discontinues Its American Business.

A Locomotive and Several Cars Hurled Down an Embankment—The Engineer Killed.

Chief's Police-Patrol System as a Police-Precinct Armor Closely Studied by Detectives.

FIRE-INSURANCE.

[illegible]

BOYS AT CHRISTMAS.

[illegible]

FOLLOWING CHICAGO'S LEAD.

[illegible]

CHARGING THE PRESIDENT.

[illegible]

GUITAR ITEMS.

The Manhattan Railway yesterday declared a dividend of 1½ per cent.

Senator Jay Gould, the French Minister to Washington, has arrived from Havre.

The Western Union Company has decided to open the Quarter-Dollar Day, 2 instead of December 31, as previously ordered.

The Harlem Government telegraphs the Harlem Bridge that Jerome has negotiated, and persons can fast August and Sheppard will be on the bench.

The Rev. Edwin M. Gibson, who for a period of seven years was pastor of the Congregational Church in Jacksonville, Ill., died yesterday at the home in Morristown.

A burglar arrested while attempting with companions to break open the safe in a grocery store on 1st Sixth avenue, Brooklyn, gave the name as Johnson, Navy sergeant-at-arms, and said his home is in Chicago. He has been identified as a man who at one time acted as the valet of Wallace B. Stevens.

The building occupied by Ward & Co., Hatters, in Astor House, and also, burned. Loss, $5,000; partly insured. Two firemen were badly injured by a falling floor. The largest single item of misfortune is Ward & Co.'s, whose loss is estimated at $100,000, partly insured. The fire is under $50,000, and the building belongs to the Astor Estate & Bowery estate.

ST. ANDREW'S DAY.

The Catholic Co., Dec. 27.—[Special.]—The Rev. Stephen French (Parish), Archbishop of San Antonio, is dying. He received the last sacraments of the church in the presence of his relatives, the Rev. Father French, Father Leroy, of the Cathedral, the Rev. Father O. A. Brand, and of St. Charles, Chancellor of the Church. Several priests and representatives of the Catholic community assisted at the religious ceremony. Archbishop French was born in Ireland, and came to this country in 1844. He was consecrated Bishop of Galveston in 1874, and was promoted to the Archbishopric of San Antonio in 1875.

A GREAT RIOT.

A Procession of Orangemen Attacked. Three Are Killed, and Several Wounded.

[illegible]

A Loss of $25,000 at Bloomfield, Ind.

[illegible]

Destruction of Several Business Buildings at Fargo, Dak.

[illegible]

In Chicago.

[illegible]

Other Fires.

[illegible]

WITHDRAWN AND BURIED.

Death Was the Fate of a Brother and Two Children in the Wilds of West Virginia.

[illegible]

A Case of Bigamy.

[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

Stocks Mixed Cotton-Goods Manufacturers Put Up a Million and a Half.

A Number of Small Concerns Which the Holiday Trade Failed to Save.

New York Knee Pants Company Litigation—Other Failures and Business Troubles.

[illegible]

COLLAPSE OF THE CONSOLIDATED.

[illegible]

Collapse of the Lumbermen's Exchange.

[illegible]

Other Failures and Business Embarrassments.

[illegible]

SOCIALISTS IN AMERICA.

National Convention of the Socialists of the United States—Their Declaration on Certain Subjects.

[illegible]

A Large Crop of Small Failures—The Holiday Trade Didn't Meet Expectations.

[illegible]

A Failure in Cotton Goods.

[illegible]

A Trustee for Small Creditors.

[illegible]

Assignment of Wm. Hall & Co., Dry-Goods Commission Merchants.

[illegible]

Failure of Wm. Hall & Co.

[illegible]

Failure of Jones & Co., Bankers.

[illegible]

Failure of Hall & Co., Dry-Goods.

[illegible]

Failure of Hall & Co., Dry-Goods.

[illegible]

Failure of Hall & Co., Dry-Goods

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

CIRCULATION OF THE TRIBUNE.

A publication issued by a firm of advertising agents of Philadelphia pretends to give the circulation of each of the Chicago newspapers. In crediting THE TRIBUNE with a daily circulation of only 50,000, and greatly overestimating the circulation of several of our city contemporaries. This is a gross and deliberate misstatement, and we can conceive of no motive why it should be made, unless it was malicious, and intended to punish THE TRIBUNE for refusing to advertise in the "foreign journal."

The false and spiteful statement has been taken by hundreds of our Western friends and widely disseminated to circulate and say to newsdealers and agents that it is useless for them to handle or attempt to sell the Chicago papers. A postal card to the Centennial Newspaper Directory, upon the letterhead of THE TRIBUNE, and addressed to the newspaper agency of which mention is made in the "Journal," will bring the facts as to the circulation of this paper. It is not necessary to say that an explicit denial of it is required.

THE TRIBUNE has not printed as few as 50,000 copies in any issue in five years. Its lowest regular issue is 5,000 more than that; its highest nearly three times as much, and its average not far from twice as much as that stated by the "Journal."

THE TRIBUNE ANNUAL REVIEW.

The annual review of the trade and commerce of Chicago, which has been a feature of THE TRIBUNE for many years, will be published Jan. 1. It has been in course of preparation several weeks. Its arrangement and completion this year, as always in the past, are confidently under the direction of the commercial editor of THE TRIBUNE, who has published the review in accordance with which the event is made. Comparisons of such a review are valuable only as they deal with the same subjects and systematically for some date from year to year. It has been the constant aim of THE TRIBUNE not only to preserve the unity of each of the reviews, but to make them as a whole a harmonious and trustworthy record of the commercial growth of the city. The issue will be more nearly ready for the forthcoming review than in any of its predecessors.

The issue of Jan. 1 will consist of seventy-four pages. A large number of extra copies will be printed, and they can be obtained at the counting-room in wrappers ready for mailing the day of publication.

A limited number of advertisements will be received, and applications for preferred positions should be filed as early as possible.

The paper for to-morrow will be issued, as usual, at 4 o'clock a. m.

Snow, followed by colder, clearing weather today.

Dr. MARSH is still at his Ghost, telling well enough alone.

The French Senate has refused to be a party to the attempt to lay down the salary of the Archbishop of Paris.

A SCHEME is afoot to tie knit from Plymouth, Ind., to Detroit, Mich. It will go out of Indiana at the extreme northeast corner of the State.

Only another avalanche in the Colorado mountains, happening at town of Monkey Ash, buried away a shaft-house in which many Germans were. Eight were killed and eight, the rescuers, and how many more the rescuers themselves will never know.

Mr. Gladstone is reported from Tullamore, Queen County, Ohio.

A SCHEME to improve the lots have saved to the Cairo Southern Exhumation Farmers Company of the city, with a nominal capital of $1,000,000.

CHICAGO is to have a Kiosk Company. It is believed a great deal of tingling cyclone and "irrigation" can be afford our citizens by having a Commonwealth right here at home.

MEXICO hopes to build up a merchant marine by refusing the duties on goods brought in the vessels in Mexican vessels. The rebate is from 4 to 6 per cent of the import tax.

THE Mercantile Club, whose property and rooms are in the control of a custodian, has secured a temporary injunction against the proceedings instituted by F. H. Harvey, the ousting creditor.

A FOUR-YEARS-OLD and two children were accidentally murdered on the eastern slope of Rich Mountain, near Beverly, W. Va. The house was then burned. The other was discovered last Thursday.

A. D. DAVIS & Co., of Portsmouth, O. C., opening $7,000 orders opinion, have failed for $1,000,000. The result is a rightly-disappointed, carrying with it the suspension of three great enterprises besides the five mills run by the retired firm.

THE holiday trade being ended, now comes the "trading out" of the small retailers. One funeral obtained this morning proved an added stock is not clearing from an industrial point of view. Great and small are alike involved in the pinch.

WITH the beginning of the new year Springfield, Ill., will receive its first revenue under the Harper License law. It is estimated that the receipts of amount will be realized from about 100 to ninety by the operation of the new system.

THERE were two "general fights" in South Carolina yesterday. At Abbeville three men were killed and several wounded. At Red Hill one man was killed and another badly used up. A single case of murder was reported from another town.

A NUMBER of negro persons moved from Grant on the banks of Bayou Creek, in Kentucky, Sunday night by a sudden rise of the water they and their cabin were swept off the face of the earth, and Monday morning no trace of them could be found.

A NEGRO has elected the attempt of Thompson to murder at Baton Rouge, S. C., yesterday. Three men were instantly killed and several mortally wounded. The fatal, which has 10,000 inhabitants, was in the hands of a mob at 4 o'clock last night.

A DISPATCH to a Philadelphia newspaper says that Mr. Pendleton and his partners want a law that will be a stone to save the money of the people into their private hands, their methods are the same. They buy (1) as a lesson used to buy the privilege of depriving a province, and they buy it as cheap as they can. In Atlanta, Mr. Pendleton tells his own friends that he says he can get as high as $50,000 for a charter; in Washington he says that for $100,000 he could pass his bill. What question is here necessary is, as that he may get his more cheaper than (1) the salary have with whom they were dealing. Franchises of enormous value are sought by them for themselves or for their city Parks by the corruption to that it is not the same as known as the Central Parks, which was another plan for themselves. Has the State of California not brought on to Washington to parade as Californians and accidentally here while they are manipulating Congress and lying committees in the interest of those best and last gentlemen, Tony Hill, in Pendleton's own phrase, "quite over"?

"I would like," says the founder of a great college and apostle of "the rights of property," "to have you get a written proposition from Gen. [illegible] which he would agree to support [in Congress] for a fixed sum." In distributing the location of the plan for obtaining certain privileges from the Arizona Legislature by the expenditure of money among them, Pendleton says: "If [illegible] you could get such a charter as I speak of it would be worth much money to us." For this charter, "which would be worth much money," he was willing to give at first $50,000, but afterwards thinks it should be half for $1,000. By bribering a Legislature and drawing its check for a few thousands Huntington counted upon more "property" to enroll the millions of his partners and himself. All through the correspondence runs the same revelation of this method of buying for a few thousands the right of taking for their private hands possible millions of the money of the people. Certainly their "investments" were good. No sense or conscience of anything could run to conceal from this shortsighted method of converting the property of many into the property of a few by a simple law which could be bought for a few thousands of dollars.

But the worst of the truth must be told. There would be no buyers of official virtue if there were no sellers. How to educate our citizens of which our rule is that honest constituents and honest representatives should fall; the selection of the fourth and fifth legislator—that is the largest part of the problem presented to the Huntington letters.

THE FRENCH AS COLONISTS.

The argument made by the French Cabinet, M. Duclerc, organ of the Gambetta party, showing that France has no need of colonies, goes to the very root of the complaint which the Government has brought about by its unwarranted invasion of Tonquin. France is not and never has been successful as a colonizer. The very hostile tone of a colony must not upon emigration from the mother country, and that emigration must be of the industrious and productive sort—such, for instance, as Great Britain has sent to Australia—with vigor enough to transplant native population and develop the country. M. Duclerc clearly pointed out the fatal defect of French colony experiments in that France had no emigrants, "and that of her paltry 4,000,000 against the 250,000 of Great Britain and Ireland and the 500,000 of Germany, three-fifths went to the United States, one to Algeria, and the rest dispersed in every direction." Still stronger was the illustration which the case of Cochin-China, a portion of which is a coveted French colony, and adjacent to the very waters which France is now seeking to acquire. The Empire Cochin-China colony has existed nearly years, and of 400 Europeans, 1,000 of whom are officials and the other the Asiatics who have been naturalized, showing that there has been no emigration there during the twenty years. These Europeans, or M. Duclerc says, eliminate each other. There are no agriculturists, who are the very backbone of colonial industry; no merchants, no manufacturers. The whole is slavery to M. Duclerc's figures. The colony costs France $20,000 a year. In exports amount to $400,000 and to imports to $1,200,000, and merchandise of the two, which is all on one side, and that the wrong side, is carried to foreign ports.

With the excellent merits of French colonizing at one end of the Lessepsian peninsula clearly in view, France now proposes to try a similar experiment under exactly similar circumstances and in the same region at the other end. To carry it out, she has literally voted an extraordinary war credit of $5,000,000 at a time when she is feverishly weak and the country has a very uncertain hold upon the confidence of the people. Should China decide to resist the French claim she can do so but assent to make a long and expensive war, even though it might ultimately go against her, and the credit which has just been voted will have to be followed by others. The first installment of 15,000 or 15,000 men who were sent to Tonquin was supposed to be sufficient for the occupation of the coveted territory, but probably 25,000 or 30,000 more are on their way, and in the event of war even more will have to follow. She has chosen not only a war with China, but a complication with European Powers, and the probability of a combination of Germany and England and perhaps other nations to protect their commercial interests. A war with China means a blockade of Chinese ports and an interruption of an export trade which is worth more than the value of all the French colonies put together. This export trade means up over $100,000,000 per year, of which $50,000,000 goes to England and $30,000,000 to English colonies. The plan will never allow such a risk trade to be endangered, and any such of security endanger it. Hence France exposes herself to a double danger.

All the dislodge of men and money, the military challenge of foreign complications, and the forfeiture of the sympathy of the Powers which is so necessary to a nation on the eve of war, are precipitated for the chief to dispense purpose of establishing a colony foreshadowed to be a failure, for, as M. Duclerc says, "French trade would no more be benefited by the possession of Tonquin than it has been by the possession of Cochin-China," and then remains behind a lurking possibility that the attempt may fail. The cry of "On to Paris!" now heard on the Paris boulevards may be no illusive as was that of "On to Berlin." The desire for "glory" may not be satisfied as speedily as is now anticipated. But even should she be successful of what benefit will the Empire colony be to France? Amid all the trades and slaughter of the French metropolis the warning of M. Duclerc may not be heard, but it is none the less a significant one.

SUFFERING SCOTLAND.

Whatever regards of outrages the fiats at Dunfris and Dunthorne come from the South and consent is made by Northern newspapers upon the breathless practical sympathy upon who have been guilty of an other offense than attempting to vote for Republican candidates, the fourth engineer of the Southern Section goes in a black denial or a word cannot be the Southern of the community which the outrage seems willing both that the engineer are the original aggressors, and that the victims have only acted in self-defense. This form of denial has grown so common as to become contemptible, particularly as in every case the engineer are the only ones who exist. We hear no stories of white men driven from their homes, persecuted with all sorts of outrages, or killed outright by negroes. It is only the negroes who are killed, and we might add it is only negroes who are persecuted, for the Southern law evade remains as usual of a white man hanged or imprisoned for killing or maltreating a negro.

Here is a white, however, these ground-hearers decide upon with a verdict. In Lucedale, for instance, where the Democratic county is divided and the battle-factions have been practicing the Southern methods upon each other, there have been some confessions made which reflect the outrages that have heretofore been practiced upon Republicans. For instance, the New Orleans Times-Democrat, which is a stanch Democratic newspaper, says that "in numerous instances the Democratic voters of the State have been coerced by fraudulent practices in previous committees, primaries and conventions and their will has not infrequently been stifled and overruled by spoils of ambitious cabals." How familiar it all sounds!

If this were the form of a Republican Southern and report of fairness and impartiality under the law that makes it a crime to prevent under the law that makes it a crime to prevent the exercise of the right of suffrage such as it is, it would be bad enough. But it is not the case. The victims are negroes, only it is not the negroes who have been guilty of the outrages. Not a few good, faithful Democrats, who are criticised by other good, faithful Democrats. It makes a difference whose ox is gored.

The existence of Southern outrages is brought out to still stronger light by recent occurrences in Georgia. It is still long since that seven Southern men were convicted in the Federal Court of Georgia for forcibly and unlawfully preventing a number of negroes who had been guilty of voting for Henry Tyner at an Independent candidate for Congress, the Southern registrars being united in their fraudulence not only because Mr. Tyner had dared to run against a Southern candidate, but also because, in discharge to the duties of his office as United States District Attorney, he had been prompt and efficient in prosecuting the cases of the United States District Court. Mr. Tyner was convicted in the prosecution of these seven Southern, and all of them were convicted in the United States Court, and were recently brought before Judge Bleckley, who imposed a sentence of two years' imprisonment upon each of them. In delivering the sentence the court said:

> At one week in the form of a Republic, the Government and agents of United and Government, and the Republic of the United States, and the Republic of the United States, and the Republic of the United States

FOREIGN.

Gilpin Courtney Shows His Political Opponents in the Commons by Gladstone.

The Program Adopted by France in Her Conference with the Chinese —The Powers.

Adoption at the London Theatres During Christmas Week—Is Addison's Death.

PARLIAMENT

ARRANGEMENTS.

THE LIQUOR QUESTION.

A Temperance Event.

A BROTHER'S SAD SUICIDE.

FOOD RIOT.

THE LONDON THEATRES.

PARIS AND CHINA.

THE CHINESE TREATIES.

THE LIQUOR QUESTION.

FOREIGN LOANS.

REVIVED THE USA.

SEVEN PERSONS DROWNED.

Father, Mother and Five Children Overwhelmed by a Flood in the Night.

CABLE NOTES.

United States Mutual Accident

ASSOCIATION,

220 and 222 Broadway, New York.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

PALACE OF TRADE

117 to 123 STATE ST.

Immense Closing Sale

OF

Ladies' & Misses' Cloaks

Regardless of COST or VALUE prior to Jan. 1st.

Bargains absolutely unparalleled in the history of the Cloak trade of Chicago. We enumerate a few of the many choice garments and the prices:

At $3.50,
All-Wool Cloth Ulsters,
Former price, $5.00.

At $5.00,
All-Wool Cloth Ulster,
Former price, $8.00.

Our entire stock of English Walking Jackets at half former price.

At $6.50,
Diagonal Beaver Dolmans,
Plush trimmed,
Former price, $9.00.

At $7.50,
All-Wool Diagonal Beaver Dolmans, fur trimmed,
Former price, $15.00.

At $15.00,
Marvelous Paletot,
Astrachan trimming,
Formerly $25.00.

At $16.00,
Marvelous Russian Circular, fur trimmed,
Formerly $28.00.

At $15.00,
Plush Coats,
Quilted lining,
Formerly $25.00.

At $25.00,
Plush Paletots,
Seal Ornaments,
Formerly $45.00.

At $35.00,
Plush Dolmans,
Full length,
Formerly $50.00.

At $40.00,
Seal Plush Paletots,
Fur trimmed,
Elegant Satin quilting,
Formerly $60.00.

At $45.00,
Seal Plush Coats,
Former price, $65.00.

OUR ENTIRE ASSORTMENT OF

IMPORTED WRAPS!

Brocade Velvets,
Brocade Plushes,
Embossed Velvets,
Russian Wraps, Etc.,

AT ONE-HALF THE COST OF IMPORTATION.

117 to 123 STATE STREET.

West End Dry Goods House,

Shelton & Pentecoste.

Grand Clearing Sale

OF

CLOAKS AND SUITS.

WE HAVE ONLY

4 DAYS

In which to close out stock before inventory, and during that time will make such

REDUCTIONS

As will effect a rapid clearance. All WINTER CLOAKS must be sold, and prices will be made low enough to sell them, absolutely without reserve.

We offer good Black Dolmans, Sacque Cloaks, Colored Ulsters and Jackets for

$3.00.

Boucle Circulars in colors and black for

$7.50.

Our assorted Dreams in fine All-Wool Materials for

$10.00.

Stylish Newmarket Ulsters, fine Russian Circulars and Dolmans, for

$15.00.

Genuine Bradford Mohair Plush Cloaks, the most durable and fashionable garment of the season, 45 inches long, for

$20.00.

Fur-lined Circulars, Pure Silk Canvas, Siberian Squirrel Linings and genuine Beaver Trimmings, for

$30.00.

Fine Imported Garments, and a great variety of choice New York Garments and Rich Silk Garments, will be sold for less than half the cost of importation or manufacture.

Jersey Waists and Jackets cheaper than ever to close the stock.

It Pays to Trade on the West Side.

Carson, Pirie & Co.

THE GREATEST

BOON

Ever Offered to Suffering Humanity.

Arend's Kumyss

MILK CHAMPAGNE

(TRADE MARK)

Should be the salvation of the physician in all those cases of debility in which prompt intervention of the general vitality is imperative, and in which the best results are easily figured. Kumyss is the Caucasian and most easily digested form of milk, and as such has been established for a long period of time in the most enlightened parts of Europe, and in each of the four quarters of the globe, medicinal positions are recognized which have been held for centuries without change. In some cases, wasting diseases, such as consumption, scrofula, etc., Kumyss has been found to be a remedy of great value. When the stomach refuses all else, Kumyss is retained and assimilated, affording the patient nourishment, strength, and comfort, and, as a natural consequence, nervousness, cases and sleeplessness disappear. In cases of chronic diarrhoea, dysentery, and cholera, and, as a rule, in all cases of debility, Kumyss is the best remedy. In cases of nervous prostration, neuralgia, nervous headache, and sleeplessness, Kumyss is the best remedy known to control and to relieve these distressing symptoms. In cases of chronic diarrhoea, dysentery, and cholera, and, as a rule, in all cases of debility, Kumyss is the best remedy. In cases of nervous prostration, neuralgia, nervous headache, and sleeplessness, Kumyss is the best remedy known to control and to relieve these distressing symptoms. In cases of chronic diarrhoea, dysentery, and cholera, and, as a rule, in all cases of debility, Kumyss is the best remedy. In cases of nervous prostration, neuralgia, nervous headache, and sleeplessness, Kumyss is the best remedy known to control and to relieve these distressing symptoms.

A. AREND, Chemist,
Corner Madison st. and Fifth ave.

PAPILLON SKIN CURE

Stockholders' Meeting.

Chas. Gossage & Co.,

State and Washington sts.

Rich Holiday Gifts!

INDIA SHAWLS.

In consequence of an overproduction of India Shawls during the past few years—resulting in an accumulation in the London market, and causing them to be sold at little more than half the prime intrinsic value—our foreign buyer, at the closest inquiry for us, and we are up to the purchase enabled to offer extraordinary inducements to those intending to purchase India Shawls in the near future.

We NOW offer them which last year were worth

$115.00 for $ 75.00
150.00 for 100.00
200.00 for 125.00
250.00 for 175.00
350.00 for 250.00
500.00 for 400.00
650.00 for 500.00

KEMMERICH'S

Extract of Meat,

SUPERIOR IN PURITY AND FLAVOR TO ALL OTHER BRANDS.

TOBACCO CHEWERS

A REWARD

ZOO-ZOO

CHEWING TOBACCO

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

RAILROADS.

The Iowa Pool Will Go Out of Business Day After To-morrow.

A Possible Burlington, Northwestern, and Alton Combination Against the Tripartite.

Penn and the Western Passenger Lines Agree to Reasonable Annual Rates.

Saturday's Final Meeting of the Iowa Pool.

It will be definitely decided Saturday whether the formation of the new tripartite agreement is to result in a war or not. The Iowa Association of the various roads interested in the Central Traffic and Interstate Railroad Association will meet at Commissioner Midgley's office on that day to hold the formal services over the remains of the pool. The 1st inst. of the tripartite agreement will go into effect as scheduled, and the rumors made are already to the new combination will have to ready to move positively what parties they mean to take regarding the matter. The Wabash has officially decided to join the new combination, but the Northwestern has the matter still under consideration, and has as yet given no definite answer as to what position it will take. As far as the Burlington is concerned it is quite certain that it will refuse to pay half of the initiation to become a party to the agreement, for if the lower rates which it and Alton are expected, it would not be an official surrendering a large portion of its Kansas business to the new combination, which it is doubtful if it would be willing to do. The Wabash has already taken steps to secure a portion of the Kansas business, and has as good grounds for believing as the Burlington has that it will secure a large portion of it. The Burlington is now in receipt of a letter from the Wabash, which is said to be of a conciliatory character, and which will be considered at the meeting. This seems to indicate that the Wabash does not intend to go into the Kansas field, and that its hostility was only assumed for the purpose of bringing the Burlington to terms. The Northwestern, Wabash, and Missouri Pacific, it has been announced, will be represented at the meeting. Commissioner Midgley, of the Eastern passenger pool, is expected here by that time to participate in the meeting. This seems to indicate that the Eastern roads are anxious that the Kansas business should be settled before the meeting. The Burlington is also expected to be represented at the meeting by Gen. Manager Miller, and Gen. Passenger Agent Merrill, of Burlington, Iowa. The Burlington is willing to make the best concessions possible to the Iowa Association, but it is the strong opinion of the Burlington officials that the Iowa Association will not be able to maintain rates. The Burlington is willing to make the best concessions possible to the Iowa Association, but it is the strong opinion of the Burlington officials that the Iowa Association will not be able to maintain rates. The Burlington is willing to make the best concessions possible to the Iowa Association, but it is the strong opinion of the Burlington officials that the Iowa Association will not be able to maintain rates.

The Fast-Freight Passenger Engineers Likely to Be Heeded.

The meeting of the General Passenger Agents of the "Involved" Eastern roads which met in this town last night yesterday for the purpose of taking definite action in regard to the Commissioner's order causing the rate of travel to the East over the Erie, York Island, and Allegheny & St. Paul, and according a rebate to none by the Northwestern, Pittsburgh, and Missouri Pacific, has been postponed until Friday. Commissioner Fearon, of the Eastern passenger pool, is expected here by that time to participate in the meeting. This seems to indicate that the Eastern roads are anxious that the Kansas business should be settled before the meeting. This seems to indicate that the Eastern roads are anxious that the Kansas business should be settled before the meeting. This seems to indicate that the Eastern roads are anxious that the Kansas business should be settled before the meeting.

Railway Construction in 1883—Over 6,000 Miles of New Track.

According to the fishing for railroading has been in progress during the year just to completion of the State and Territories as re- has been 6,000 miles of new track laid during the year, or about 1,000 miles more than the year before. The total mileage of the country now is about 120,000 miles, or nearly one-fifth of the total mileage of the world. The total mileage for the three months of the present year have been as follows: January 31,000, February 31,000, March 31,000, April 31,000, May 31,000, June 31,000, July 31,000, August 31,000, September 31,000, October 31,000, November 31,000, December 31,000. The total mileage for the three months of the present year have been as follows: January 31,000, February 31,000, March 31,000, April 31,000, May 31,000, June 31,000, July 31,000, August 31,000, September 31,000, October 31,000, November 31,000, December 31,000.

Dividends Declared by the Lake Shore, the Michigan Central, and the Canada Southern—General Improvements.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company has declared a dividend of 1 per cent; the Michigan Central Company a dividend of 2 per cent, and the Canada Southern a dividend of 2 per cent. The dividends are all semi-annual. The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Road's annual statement for the year just closing shows:

Gross earnings	$[illegible]
Operating expenses	[illegible]
Interest, rental, and dividends on guaranteed stocks	[illegible]
Balance, net	$[illegible]

The Michigan Central's and Canada Southern's annual statement (identical pretty well) shows:

Gross earnings	$[illegible]
Operating expenses and taxes	[illegible]
Interest and rentals	[illegible]
Balance, net	$[illegible]

Earnings of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 26.—[Special.]—The gross earnings of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul System for the third week in December have been $[illegible], against $[illegible] for the same week in 1882, an increase of $[illegible]. The total earnings for the three months of the present year have been as follows: January $[illegible], February $[illegible], March $[illegible]. The total earnings for the three months of the present year have been as follows: January $[illegible], February $[illegible], March $[illegible].

Scheme for Another Bridge Across the Niagara River.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Dec. 26.—[Special.]—The promoters Bridge, of the Falls, a railroad and highway bridge, has just received a bill in the House authorizing the construction of another bridge across Niagara River, presumably at Lewiston or Youngstown. A bill for the same purpose will be introduced in the Canadian Parliament at the forthcoming session. It is understood the Grand Trunk Road intends building the bridge, and if a charter is secured will furnish bonds to build it and commence work. The bridge is to have connection with the new road to Niagara Falls and Lockport, and also the Grand Trunk, Canadian Pacific, and Michigan Central roads. The bridge will be used by all lines of railroad entering Buffalo, and will be a great benefit to the Niagara Falls Power Company, as it will have a direct connection with the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific roads, which will enable it to furnish power to the Canadian side of the river.

The Nebraska Pool Endorses.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 26.—[Special.]—Editor of The Tribune: General Manager Potter's report to the local pool has arrived. It contains a terse, and very concise,

He depicts and rolling about the South- ern pool, but in the end: "Short business every pretty much everything south of the Platte River. In the extreme and most prominent part of the State (Omaha), as well as the most prominent. Everything has run very near as to lay map of Plattsmouth, Bel, Nebraska City, and Atchison, also, I suppose, to and from Nebraska points, except the right and points, does not go into the long pool."

Mr. Potter tells you, and says the greatest portion of the business now by way of Atchison and the Southwestern pool. Can be to an extent of the decrease of the country along the line of the Kansas City and that the greater part of the business of the Kansas City and Omaha Road is from the south of Plattsmouth, Bellevue, and Nebraska City. Consequently the Kansas City and Omaha Road is not in the pool, as it would be if it were in the pool. Mr. Potter says that the Kansas City and Omaha Road is not in the pool, as it would be if it were in the pool. Mr. Potter says that the Kansas City and Omaha Road is not in the pool, as it would be if it were in the pool.

The Nickel-Plate Pool Dissolved.

Mr. C. E. Spencer, General Freight Agent of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railway (Nickel-Plate), has just issued the following circular regarding the cancellation of the Nickel-Plate and Wabash line:

The Nickel-Plate Line, a pool freight, has all arrangements, agents, circulars, and all papers with it, is requested to at once discontinue the use of the same, and return to the undersigned, at Cleveland, Ohio, all books, papers, and circulars belonging to the line, as the pool has been dissolved, and the Nickel-Plate Line will hereafter be run by the Continental, Pittsburgh, and Missouri Pacific, and Wabash Railroads, and will be known as the Nickel-Plate and Wabash Line.

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Balance, net	$[illegible]

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GOSSIP FOR THE LADIES.

A Secret of the Last Days at the Court of the Empress Eugenie.

Anecdote of a Fine Belgian Fringe Investigation and Ago.

Eugenie's Last Days as Empress.

Should Her the occasion of the 15th arrived on the which to give the which the great a sense of security. The 17th the Napoleon would they began, and Napoleon's arrests, others, the Empress and Napoleon's arrests, others, the Empress and Napoleon's arrests, others, the Empress

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

STUPID BAD PLAY.

THE O'DONNELL CASE.

NORTHWESTERN PATENTS.

GOOD SOLDIERS.

A DUNLAP AT WORK.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure.

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and very tresses of abundant, beautiful hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. The elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow lonely and fast, keeps it from falling out, prevents and cures dandruff, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, gives it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

SUCCESS!

ROLAND REED!

CHEEK!

Irving Season

MESSIAH

APOLLO CLUB.

Dime Museums.

HOOP OF GOLD.

Battle of Gettysburg.

Sol Smith Russell

EDGEWOOD FOLKS!

Modern Science and Skepticism

Athlophoros!

American Galvanic Co.,

The St. Nicholas Hotel,

RUPTURE CURED

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Judge George B. Young, of Clinton, Ia., is at the Tremont.

Col. Clark E. Carr, of Galesburg, Ill., is at the Grand Pacific.

Judge S. M. Bullard, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., is at the Grand Pacific.

S. C. Lewis, of Ottawa, Ill., Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner, is at the Sherman.

The Hon. Thomas L. Mitchell, of Bloomington, is in the city purchasing supplies for his constituents, under the direction of Senator B. B. Evans, the Democratic statesman.

IN GENERAL.

Resident Editor has arrested for stealing $10 worth of dry goods from J. Bates, of No. 484 North Wells street.

Mark J. Claben, member of the Legislature, residing on North Ashland avenue, is the Democratic Ward Committeeman.

The following additional subscriptions for the newsboys and bootblacks were received at the Tribune counting-room Dec. 26: Mary Anne Cook, 50c; A. C., 50c; A. Friend, 50c; total to date $5.77.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Sherman Townsend, optician, and the Chicago Daily News, was as follows: 7 a. m., 6°; 8 a. m., 6°; 9 a. m., 6°; 10 a. m., 6°; 11 a. m., 6°; noon, 6°; 1 p. m., 6°; 2 p. m., 6°; 3 p. m., 6°; 4 p. m., 6°; 5 p. m., 6°; 6 p. m., 6°; 7 p. m., 6°; 8 p. m., 6°; 9 p. m., 6°; 10 p. m., 6°; 11 p. m., 6°; 12 p. m., 6°. Barometer, 7 a. m., 30.12; 7 p. m., 30.12.

Dr. Ed Hamlin, manager of the Battle of Gettysburg panorama, and the Rose Park prize turkey, will not eat the former hereafter. Ever since the Rose Park prize, which will probably be his Sunday dinner, was fed on Dr. Hamlin's discarded collars he has lost interest in it.

Paul Kiffe, of the Theological Seminary, and the Rev. Dr. Hopkins were appointed to preach the next morning at the Leavitt-Street church of the Congregational Church, but the pulpit would not go. The former kept temporarily and the latter went to the Auditorium and took charge of the 11 o'clock service.

The Professors in the University of Chicago expressed their President, Dr. Harper, in addition, Chairman Day, by presenting him the complete works of Thomas Carlyle, in seven handsome volumes. The gift was made on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of Dr. Harper's connection with the University of Chicago. Dean Gale, Professors Moulton, Linn, Judd, Starr, Laing, Boucher, A. C. Lane, Jordan, Foster, A. A. Bennett and Miss Talbot were present.

The Collector of Revenue filed his bond with the County Clerk yesterday and received his certificate. Now for the collection of the outstanding taxes outside of Chicago, have gone into the hands of the Collector, Clyde Park, Lake, Cicero, Lyons, Lyndon, Leyden, Proviso, Calumet, Lemont, Lemont, Lake View, Hyde Park, Jefferson, Wheeling and Northfield. The Collector's office will be open every day except Sunday.

The continued cases of Jeff Gardner and the four companions charged with forming a gambling house, came up yesterday, but were dismissed for want of prosecution. A true bill was returned by the Grand Jury against Gardner and his companions, but the prosecuting witness failed to appear when the cases were called for trial, and Judge Gibbons ordered them dismissed. The defendants were represented by Attorneys Ingham & Ingham.

A gathering calling itself a meeting occurred at No. 240 West Fifteenth street about 1 o'clock last evening. Louis Barron, a tramp, residing at No. 240 on the same street, was at the bottom of the trouble. While there he became involved in an altercation with a man named Gardner in an alleyway back of the building, which soon developed into a fight. Some hard words were exchanged, when, without warning, they came to blows. Barron was knocked down in the fight and received a severe cut on the left cheek. He was taken to the office of Police Surgeon Bartholf, at the County Hospital, and his wound dressed.

Shortly afternoon a young man named Anthony Barron was arrested on the charge of attempting to extort money from the proprietors of No. 132 North Clark street by threatening to have the establishment raided. Attempting to have the establishment raided, Barron had hired a large room at No. 134, Dearborn street, and a number of girls. Barron was arrested by Detectives Hunt and Kipley, and will appear before Justice Foster this morning.

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Yesterday the Secretary of State issued the charter of incorporation of the Chicago Bridge and Iron Works, with a capital stock of $1,000,000. The incorporators are Norman Bridge, Charles Evans, Edward Rust, and Sir Benjamin Baker, all of London. Mr. Rust is a member of the well-known firm of E. P. Bruce & Co., and Sir Benjamin Baker is the engineer of the Forth bridge, the largest cantilever bridge in the world. The new company will do a general bridge and iron business, and will have its principal office in this city.

The automobile owned by Jeff Gardner and his four companions charged with forming a gambling house, came to grief yesterday, but from another cause than an alleged attempt made by the prosecution to have the machine confiscated. A true bill was returned by the Grand Jury against Gardner and his companions, but the prosecuting witness failed to appear when the cases were called for trial, and Judge Gibbons ordered them dismissed. The defendants were represented by Attorneys Ingham & Ingham.

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The seventy-five children in Union's Gospel Station service, corner of Sterling and Canal streets, were gladdened yesterday afternoon by a Christmas entertainment got up for the occasion by the members of the institution. A large and beautiful Christmas tree, laden with nuts, apples, candies, and toys, stood in the midst of piles of more useful presents, while the walls were decorated with evergreens and strings of popcorn. Mrs. Ellen Hall, the matron of the institution, had charge of the arrangements, and they proved that she was a master hand at the business. Among the presents were 1,000 pairs of mittens and hose, which were contributed by the members of the Chicago Daily News Santa Claus Club, and which were distributed to the children by Miss Dorothy Dix, the manager of the club. Miss Dix was assisted by Miss Mary Bartholomew, Miss Ethel Barrymore, Miss Ethel Barrymore, Miss Ethel Barrymore

Private Wires and Prompt Service.

J. T. LESTER & CO.,

63 & 67 Chamber of Commerce.

Stock Brokers
and
Commission Merchants.

Two Exclusive Private Wires to Wall-st.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.

BUSINESS.

A Rally in Futures Our Stocks—The Bond Trade and Money Market.

The Future Likely Generally Week Except a Speculative Rise in January Corn.

FINANCIAL.

COMMERCIAL.

THE COURTS.

Judge Shepard on a Life Policyholder's Right to Change the Name of the Beneficiary—The Secret.

THE DEBATE.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

A Plea for the Southern Convict.

More on the Irish Question.

A Query Answered.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Sunday Sales.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

FINANCIAL.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

LOST AND FOUND.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

TO EXCHANGE.

MOVING MACHINES.

PATENTS.

PROFESSIONAL.

MEDICAL.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Governesses and Nurses.

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

Housework.

BUSINESS AND LOCATIONS.

Grain Sale.

Grocery Sale.

BOARD WANTED.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

FURNISHED FLATS.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TO RENT—FLATS.

TO RENT—STORES, OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED TO RENT.

TO LEASE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

BUILDING MATERIAL, &c.

AGENTS WANTED.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LECTURES.

EXCURSIONS.

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Housework and Nurses.

SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

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